# Bevelling machine with variable angle and automatic feed DOUBLE-SIDED BEVELLER UZ 50 TRIUMPH MANIPULATOR 3D.





# **Operating and maintenance manual**



A copy of this manual is delivered with every bevelling machine.

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Wear-and-tear parts

Eletric connection drawing

Spare parts drawing diagram

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#### **General information**

#### 1.1 Introduction

We thank you for buying one of our machines and hope you will be fully satisfied with it.

This manual contains all instructions for installation, adjustment, operation and maintenance of the machine.

**DOUBLE-SIDED BEVELLER UZ 50 TRIUMPH MANIPULATOR 3D** (hereinafter UZ50) in conformity with valid safety standards.

Information and data in this manual are subject to change as a result of further improvement of our machines. If you find any difference, please contact N.KO to remove any doubts.

Never perform any operations on the machine until you have read and understood the instructions in the manual. Most of the accidents occurring at the workplace are caused by non-observance of instructions and recommendations contained in the manual.

Graphic symbols are used in this manual to highlight important information regarding safety and operation of the machine.



Important information for the operator's personal safety.



Instruction which must be followed for the correct machine operation.

#### 1.2 Tests

The bevelling machine is tested in our test room.

During this test, the correct function of the electric system and bevelling of plates and sections of different types and sizes is verified.

#### 1.3 Guarantee

The manufacturer grants the guarantee for the bevelling system UZ 50 Triumph covering defects of material and workmanship of the goods for the period of 12 months from the date of its delivery.

For the perfect function of the goods and materials used, the guarantee is granted for the period of 12 months from the date of its delivery.

The Seller undertakes to remove all contingent defects covered by this guarantee, free of charge and without undue delay, so that the Purchaser can use the goods properly. If the Purchaser sets

up a claim regarding the liability for defects which are not covered by the guarantee, s/he shall reimburse the related costs to the Seller.

The guarantee period is suspended from the day on which the Purchaser notifies the Seller of the occurrence of a defect covered by the guarantee and sets up his/her claim regarding the liability for defects covered by the guarantee granted, for the period during which he cannot use the goods until the day when the Seller removes the defect.

The guarantee does not cover natural and common wear of the goods as well as defects resulting from incorrect use of the goods in contradiction with the training and documentation provided. Further, the guarantee does not cover defects caused by overloading of the goods as well as defects occurring after unqualified interference, repair or modification of the goods. Unqualified interference, repair or modification executed in contradiction to the training or documentation provided, or executed by a person other than the Seller or a person entrusted or approved by the Seller.

The claim regarding the liability for defects must be laid to the Seller without undue delay after the Purchaser has found the defect, until the end of the guarantee period at the latest, otherwise the claim expires.

To make a claim regarding the liability for defects on the basis of the guarantee granted, the Seller must present the guarantee certificate; otherwise the claim cannot be recognized to the Purchaser.

The Seller's liability for defects covered by the guarantee does not arise if the defects were caused after the transfer of risks of damage to the goods by external factors. The external factors particularly include natural disasters, force majeure or third persons' acts.

N.KO. considers the guarantee invalid in the event of:

- improper use of the machine:
- use in contradiction with national or international standards;
- incorrect installation;
- defective electric power supply;
- serious maintenance faults;
- unauthorized modifications or interventions:
- use of unoriginal or incorrect spare parts and accessories for the given model;
- partial of total infringement of the instructions;
- abnormal events, natural disasters, and others.

#### 1.4 Identification data

The identification data of the bevelling machine are indicated on the aluminium CE label located at the top of the bearing box.

#### 1.5 Reference standards (CE-Declaration of Conformity)

## **EC Declaration of Conformity**

1. Publisher's name statement:

Adress

N.KO, spol. s r.o. Táborská 398//22 293 01 Mladá Boleslav

Czech republic

Identification number:

26161109

2. Scope statement:

Name:

Bevelling machine

Type:

UZ50

Producer:

N.KO spol. s r.o.

3. Purpose of use:

Bevelling machine with automatic feeding for bevel steel

4. The object of declaration described above is in conformity with the requirements of the following documents

Directive 2006/95/EC:

Electrical Equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits

Directive 2004/108/EC:

Electromagnetic compatibility

Directive 2006/42/EC:

Safety of machinery - Basic requirements

EN ISO 12100:

Safety of machinery - General principles for design

EN ISO 13857::

Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being

reached by upper and lower limbs

EN 953 A1:

Safety of machinery - General requirements for the design and

construction of fixed and movable guards

EN 60204-1:

Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines

EN 61000-6-3:

Electromagnetic compatibility - Generic standards - Emissions -

Residential, commercial and light-industrial environments

5. Information about accredited/ notified person:

Date and place of issue: 1.1.2012 Mlada Boleslav, Czech Republic

Name and title of authorized person: Mr. Milan Richtr – managing director

N.KO Táborská 398, 293 01 Mladá Boleslav

ICO:26161109 DIC:CZ26161109 Tel:326772001 fax:326774279

#### **SAFETY**

#### 2.1 Safety recommendations

# A Warning:

Read carefully the following instructions to prevent work accidents and/or property damage.

- Never try to operate the machine until you have thoroughly familiarized yourself with the way it functions. If you still have doubts after having read this manual carefully and fully, please contact the N.KO company.
- Make sure that all the technical workers who are to use and maintain the machine have been fully familiarized with all safety recommendations.
- The machine can only be transported and installed by specialized workers in conformity with the instructions in this manual.
- Before starting the machine, the operator must check that all safety devices are functional and all safety covers are in place.
- Never use the machine for purposes other than those specified in the manual. Never process other products than those specified.
- Before using the machine for other purposes, contact the N.KO company to ask for permission.
- Voltage values used for supplying the machine are dangerous: see that all connections are fixed properly; never maintain the machine or change parts unless you have disconnected the power supply; never connect any branch lines to electric connections.
- Only replace defective parts with those recommended by the manufacturer. Never use any unoriginal parts.
- Never wear clothes or jewellery which may get caught by the moving parts. Protective clothing is recommended: footwear with anti-slip soles, ear protectors and protective goggles.



# Important:

If during the machine service life any defects occur which cannot be removed according to this manual, it is recommendable to contact the N.KO, company which will resolve the problem as soon as possible.

#### 2.2 Safety labels

Safety labels are fixed on the bevelling machine to protect the operators.

Meaning of the labels:

This label is fixed on the electric panel of the bevelling machine and indicates presence of high voltage.



# e this label from the machine.

#### 2.3 Operator's qualification and protection

The employer is obliged to inform the operators on the safety standards; additionally, s/he must ensure their observance and see that the working area is sufficiently large and well illuminated.

The term "operator" designates a person who installs, operates, adjusts, maintains, cleans and repairs the machine.



# Marning:

Before starting the work, the operators must be familiarized with the machine properties and must have read this manual.



# **A** Warning:

#### The operators must always:

- 1. See that all the safety covers are mounted and the safety devices are functional before starting the machine.
- 2. Avoid wearing clothes or jewellery which may get caught by the moving parts.
- 3. Wear the approved protective clothing, such as footwear with anti-slip soles, ear protectors and protective goggles.
- 4. Apply safety standards, see that they are observed at all times and, if in doubt, consult this manual again before taking any measures.
- 5. Contact the machine supplier if s/he unable to resolve the defects causing malfunction of the machine, if the defects concern to defective parts or irregular running.

#### Safety devices

The machine is equipped with safety covers to isolate the zones potentially dangerous for the operator. These covers are screwed on or together with the machine frame. They can be removed with suitable spanners. This operation may be necessary during certain maintenance activities.



# **A** Warning:

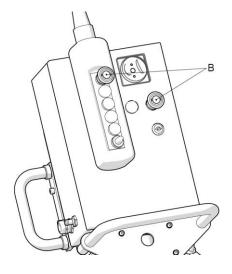
The cover can only be removed if the machine is stopped and the power supply plug removed from the socket. Never operate the machine without safety covers mounted.

The machine is equipped with a mushroom-like red emergency button which stops the machine immediately, suppressing all other operations (position B, Fig. 2.4.1).

This emergency button is used:

- in case of immediate danger or mechanical accident;
- for short interventions when the machine has already been stopped, to maintain the machine in this state.

Fig. 2.4.1



#### 2.4 Residual risks

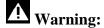
The machine has been designed and manufactured with all equipment and accessories providing for the operator's safety and health protection.

The machine is covered completely to eliminate the risk of contact with moving parts as much as possible.

There is, however, one residual risk.

As mentioned above, the working zone is protected at the most; however, it must remain partly open so that the material bevelled can be inserted.

It is therefore possible for the operators to insert their fingers in this zone, in which both the cutting tool and work-piece holder are located.



Always keep your hands as far from the cutting zone as possible.



Always apply the safety rules contained in the manual and see that they are observed and all residual risks are eliminated.

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 3.1 Machine description

The bevelling machine, model UZ50 Triumph, has small dimensions. One of its main characteristics is the adjustable bevel angle and automatic material feed.

The machine is equipped with a milling cutter, sturdy work-piece holder, direct reading scale used for setting of values (bevel size, material thickness and machining angle adjustment), and a special guide which facilitates inserting of the material.

These characteristics enable easy adjustment of the working angle without exchange of any part and precise control of the bevel size.

The UZ50 Triumph bevelling machine is reliable and necessitates minimum maintenance only.

#### 3.2 Technical data

#### **Tool drive**

Motor	1x	ACA10	
Motor output		4	$\mathbf{kW}$
<b>Motor speed</b>		1435	rpm
Spindle speed		685	<b>Rpm</b> (50Hz.)
Tool diameter		85	mm
<b>Tool teeth number</b>		5	
<b>Cutting speed</b>		182	m/min

#### **Feed**

Motor	2x	FCA63I	B-6 IP55
Motor output		0.12	kW
Motor speed		890	rpm
Gearbox	2x	<b>HF40</b>	
Gear ratio		1:200	
Feed range		0-1.2	m/min (according to cutting conditions)
Plate thickness		$7 \div 80$	mm
Angle range		15°-60°	(gradually)

# Bevel size for steel at the individual angles

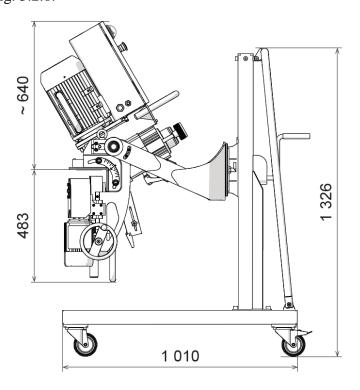
angle	α	max. bevel width (P)
C	15°	62 mm (recommended machining in 3 steps)
	20°	62 mm (recommended machining in 4 steps)
	25°	56 mm (recommended machining in 4 steps)
	30°	52 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)
	35°	51 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)
	40°	51 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)
	45°	50 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)
	50°	51 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)
	55°	51 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)
	60°	52 mm (recommended machining in 5 steps)

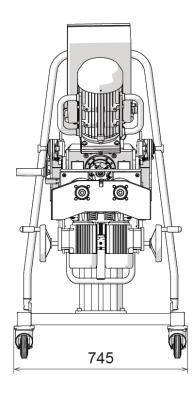
Dimensions: Fig. 3.2.1.

Weight: 175 kg

(\*) The exact values of voltage and frequency are indicated on the motor identification plate.

Fig. 3.2.1.





#### 3.3. Noise level

The machine has been designed and manufactured to emit as little noise as possible.

In some cases and working conditions, the continuous sound pressure level according to measurement A exceeded 85 dBA. The worker must use ear protectors.

## 3.4 Working environment conditions

The working environment of the machine must conform to these values:

Temperature:  $0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} - 50 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Humidity. 10 % - 90 % (non-condensing)

The machine must be located at covered place and must be protected from rain.

Working environment conditions different from the above-mentioned ones can cause serious damage to the machine, especially to its electric equipment.

If the machine is out of operation, it can be stored at a place with the temperature within the range of:

All the other values remain unchanged.

#### **INSTALLATION**

#### 4.1 Transport and lifting



The activities described in this section can only be executed by qualified personnel.

Suitable unloading and setting devices (cranes, lift trucks, etc.) must be ready at the destination place).

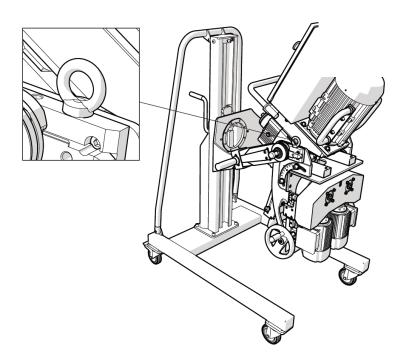
When the machine has arrived at the destination, check (in the carrier's presence) whether it meets the order specifications and was not damaged during transport. If you find any damage or parts are missing, immediately inform N.KO and the carrier in detail.



## Observe the following instructions and ensure safe handling with the machine:

- Keep your distance from hanging loads and make sure that the lifting device and pertinent tools are in perfect order and are suitable for the weights indicated in Par. 3.2.
- When handling the machine, wear protective clothes, like work gloves, footwear with anti-slip soles and a crash helmet
- If the machine is in its transport package, remove and dispose of it in conformity with valid laws of your country.
- If you are to lift the machine with a crane, use suitable textile or chain lifting devices. Lifting eyes are mounted on the machine (see Fig. 4.1.1.)

Fig. 4.1.1



#### 4.2 Location and connection

# Important:

The activities described in this section can only be executed by qualified personnel.

If the machine is used for machining small parts, it must be set on an even surface and secured with a brake against movement (Fig. 4.1.1).

If the machine is used for machining big parts, it must be located on the actual work-piece and move upon it during work by itself, with the 3D manipulator being dragged together with the machine. If you will not use the 3D manipulator, it is suitable to suspend the machine on a band, see Fig. 4.1.1, during approach to the material and leaving it at the end.

During electric connection, proceed as follows:

- check the frequency and voltage value on the motor identification plate;
- connect the cable end to the power supply with a plug according to your local power network.

#### 4.3 Checks before commissioning



Never start UZ50 Triumph without the checks described in this paragraph.

Before starting the machine, check that it is operational by means of the following inspections and checks to achieve maximum efficiency and meet the safety regulations:

- check that all screws and other parts are tightened;
- check that all electric connections have been made correctly and the electric cable is fixed in place with a cable gland;
- To start the machine, proceed as follows:

Unlock the machine with the red emergency lockable button (position B, Fig. 2.4.1.). **Start the motor with the green button. The milling cutter must rotate clockwise.** If it does not, you must switch the phases in the plug.

- To switch off the machine, push the red button next to the start switch.

#### 4.4 Scrapping and disposal

When disposing of the UZ50 Triumph machine, remember that the materials from which it is manufactured are not hazardous, comprising mainly:

- ferritic steel, painted or metalized;
- stainless steel, series 300/400;
- plastic material of different character;
- gearbox oil;
- electric motor:
- electric cables and pertinent jackets;
- electric monitoring and exciting devices.

#### Follow this procedure:

- observe valid laws of your country regarding the working environment safety;
- disconnect the machine from power supply;
- dismount the machine and classify the parts according to their chemical characteristics;
- scrap the machine parts in conformity with valid laws of your country;
- during the dismounting phase, strictly observe valid regulations regarding labour safety.

#### **USE**

#### **5.1.** Correct use

The bevelling machine, model UZ 50 Triumph, has been designed, manufactured and sold for bevelling metal parts and rolled metals of these kinds: **iron, steel**, **stainless steel**, brass, copper, aluminium.

UZ50 Triumph is designed for bevelling materials of larger formats and thickness, located on supports or working tables. The plate must be placed at the height of 700 mm to 1100 mm.

To machine material of small dimensions, which you want to insert in the machine directly "by hand", you must install a special insert for processing small material formats (to be delivered in 2013 at the latest).

The maximum and minimum bevel dimensions and thickness of the material machined are indicated in detail in chapter 3, par. 3.2 "Technical specifications".

Other use different from the above described are considered improper. Namely, it is forbidden to:

- machine products different from those for which the machine has been designed or sold;
- modify the machine operation;
- replace parts with unoriginal parts;
- modify electric connections, thus jumping the internal safety devices;
- remove or modify protective covers;
- use the machine at places with aggressive atmosphere.

# A Warning:

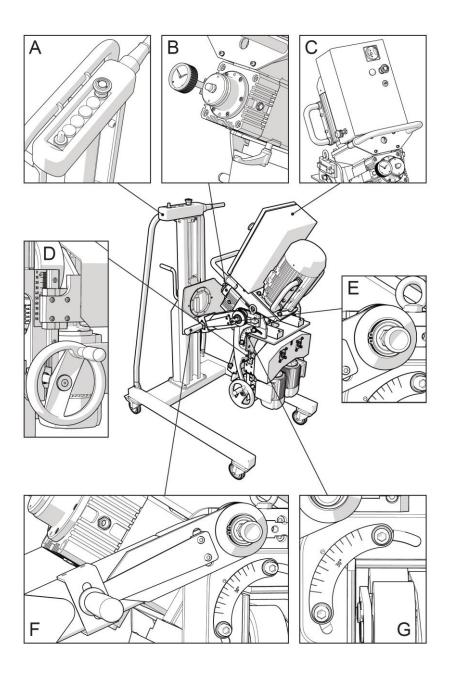
It is strictly forbidden to bevel materials different from those indicated because their processing may pose a risk to the operator and damage the machine.

Before making any modifications, you must ask the N.KO company for the pertinent approval. Otherwise the N.KO company disclaims any responsibility.

## **5.2. Description of controls**

The bevelling machine is controlled by means of control elements located on the distribution box and the remote controller.

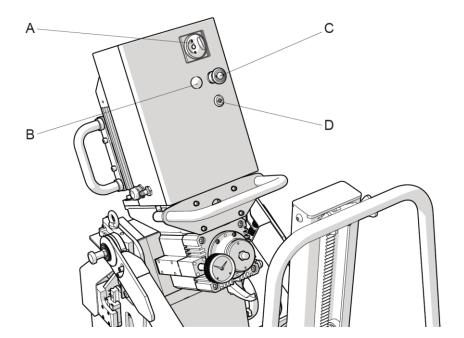
Fig. 3.1.1.



- A- Remote control with feed speed control and a magnetic holder
- B- Elements for adjusting the bevel size
- C- Distribution box with the main and emergency switch and standby mode button
- D- Elements for adjusting the lower slide
- E- Lock for disconnecting the 3D manipulator
- F- Control lever of the machine inclination
- G- Angle adjustment detail

#### **Distribution box**

Fig. 5.2.1.

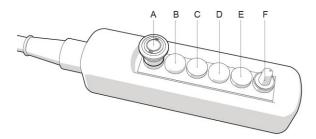


- a) Main on/off switch
- b) Standby mode button
- c) Safety emergency button immediately stopping the machine
- d) Distribution box lock

#### Remote controller

The remote controller is equipped with magnets and can be attached to the machine or held in hand according to current conditions.

Fig. 5.2.2.



- a) Safety emergency button immediately stopping the machine
- b) Switching the spindle on. Pushing the button switches the motor on. Heed the tool rotation direction.
- c) Switching the spindle off
- d) Switching the feed on
- e) Switching the feed off
- f) Feed speed control

## 5.3. Preliminary adjustments

# **A** Warning:

Wear protective work gloves when making the adjustment. The operations must be executed if the machine is stopped and disconnected from power supply.

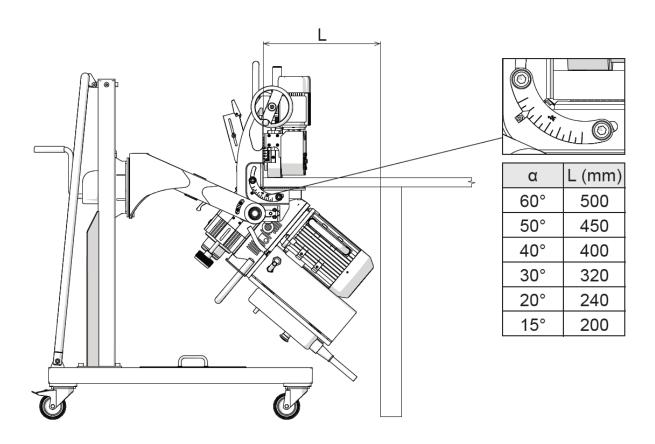
Before starting your work, you must perform the following adjustments:

#### **Material preparation**

The material to be machined must be placed on a suitable worktable or supports so that the edge of the sheet metal is in the required distance from the table or supports; i.e. min. 200 mm for the standard work position, for the head downwards position the minimum distance is as shown in fig. 5.3.0.

The material must be secured against movement.

Fig. 5.3.0



#### Adjust the bevel angle

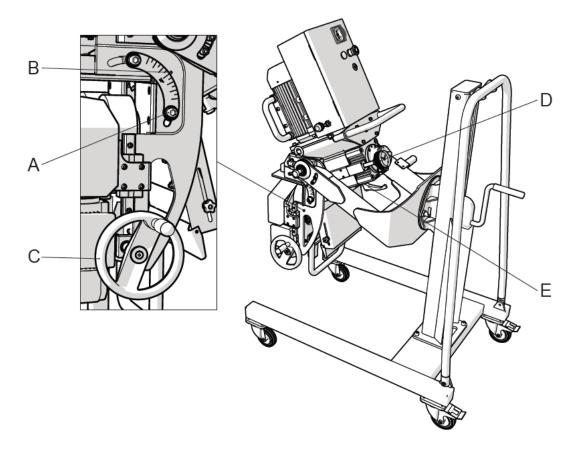
The bevel angle can range from  $15^{\circ}$  to  $60^{\circ}$ . Make the adjustments as follows:

- Sufficiently loosen the 2 and 2 screws (position A, Fig. 5.3.1) located on both sides of the machine.
- Holding and pulling the upper handle, adjust the entire machine unit to the desired angle.
- You can view the adjusted angle value on the divided scale located at the side of the machine (position B, Fig. 5.3.1).
- Having completed the operation, properly tighten the 2 and 2 screws on both sides (position A, Fig. 5.3.1).

# Important:

If you have problems with adjustment of the angles, the screws may not have been loosened sufficiently (position A, Fig. 5.3.1).

Fig. 5.3.1



#### **Setting the zero value:**

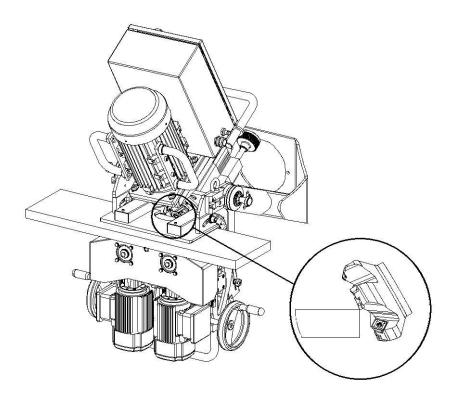
To set the cut-off size correctly, you must specify the zero point (point at which the cutter touches the material) for the specific angle before starting the work.

This point must be specified for every new bevel or changed angle.

Proceed as follows:

- Loosen the locking lever of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).
- Move the cutter fully into the spindle by means of the chip setting wheel (position D, Fig. 5.3.1).
- Adjust the lowest position of the lower slide according to the picture (position C, Fig. 5.3.1.) by means of the adjusting wheel of the lower slide.
- Set the optimum working height, position and inclination of the machine by means of the 3D manipulator.
- Set the machine anywhere on the plate machined so that the vertical and horizontal ruler adjoins to the material along all of its length (Fig. 5.3.2).
- Start the cutter motor and check the tool rotation direction.
- By means of the chip adjusting wheel, gradually move the cutter towards the material up to the point at which it touches the material. Thus you have specified the zero point for the given angle (Fig. 5.3.2.).
- Retighten the locking lever of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).

Fig. 5.3.2.

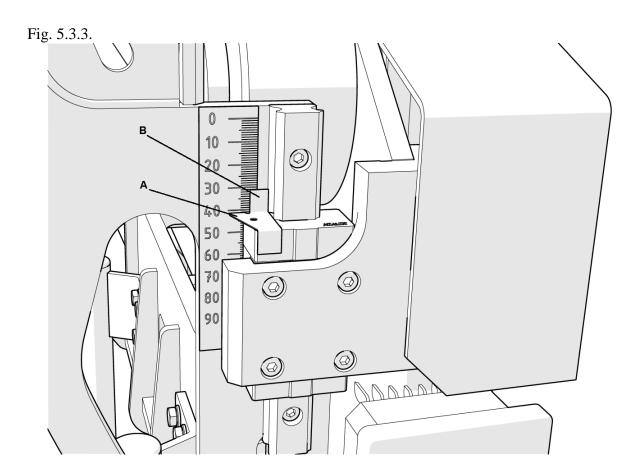


#### Lower slide adjustment:

The lower slide task is to continually move the machine along the material or move the material through the cutting tool if small parts are machined. The feed speed can be controlled with the remote controller.

The lower slide must be adjusted so that it properly ensures the fixed material against its vibrations or loosing during cutting. For this reason, the lower slide has been designed so that it acts upon the material with the force of a spring mechanism with controllable pre-load. Another advantage of this solution involves cushioning and adaptability to sudden changes in the machined material thickness during cutting.

- The lower slide is adjusted according to the machined material thickness. Always set the scale value (Fig. 5.3.3.) **pointer A** 5-8 mm lower than the actual thickness of the material machined. The prescribed 5-8 mm stands for the spring pre-load. Adjust by means of the control wheel (position C, Fig. 5.3.1.). Thus control element is mounted at both sides of the machine for easier access.



#### 5.4 Cut-off and machining setting

The UZ50 Triumph machine is able to make the bevel width of up to 62 mm at certain angles (see par. 3.2.). These values can only be achieved by gradually machining in several cut-offs.

#### Setting the first cut-off

- Important: Correct setting of the cut-off is determined by previous setting of the zero point. Without this pre-setting, the cut-off may be set incorrectly and the cutter or the machine damaged.
  - Loosen the locking level of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).
  - Adjust the first cut-off with the chip adjusting wheel (position D, Fig. 5.3.1) as required. To read the values correctly, use the chart located on the machine distribution box (Fig. 5.4.1.)
    - Important: The maximum depth of the individual cut-off is 5 mm (cutter protrusion). Specifically, 25 divisions M on the adjusting wheel scale. If you set more for a single cut-off, there is immediate risk of damaging the tool or the machine.
  - Retighten the locking lever of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).
  - We recommend you to note down the values set on the adjusting wheel scale (position D, Fig. 5.3.1). This will help you to adjust the next cut-off.

Fig. 5.4.1

A								****					
α	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	M	М
15	1,5	6,5	13,0	19,5	26,0	32,5	39,0	45,5	52,0	58,0	64,5	71,0	77,5
20	1,5	8,5	17,0	25,5	34,0	43,0	51,5	60,0	68,5	77,0	85,5	94,0	102,5
25	2,0	10,5	21,0	31,5	42,5	53,0	63,5	74,0	84,5	95,0	105,5	116,0	
30	2,5	12,5	25,0	37,5	50,0	62,5	75,0	87,5	100,0	112,5	125,0		
35	3,0	14,5	28,5	43,0	57,5	71,5	86,0	100,5	114,5				
40	3,0	16,0	32,0	48,0	64,5	80,5	96,5	112,5					
45	3,5	17,5	35,5	53,0	70,5	88,5	106,0	123,5			25 M=		
50	4,0	19,0	38,5	57,5	76,5	96,0	115,0				10 M= 1 M= 0		
55	4,0	20,5	41,0	61,5	82,0	102,5	123,0		X	ONE CU			
60	4,5	21,5	43,5	65,0	86,5	108,5	123,0 ONE CUT= MAX 25M						
	in :	l cut	in 2 cuts	in 3 cuts	in 4 cuts	in 5 cuts		K	6		1		
in 1 cut in 2 cuts in 3 cuts in 4 cuts in 5 cuts    1													

#### How to understand the table:

Find the angle and bevel height A according to your specification in the chart. In the M column you will find the needed number of division marks that you have to set on the chip setting wheel (pos. D, fig. 5.3.1) The field with the found setup value helps you to find out what is the number of cuts necessary for making the required bevel.

In case that the bevel height A has such a value that cannot be found in the table, e.g. 18 mm, it is possible to calculate the size of cut using the column for the bevel height A = of 1 mm.

#### **Example:**

Bevel height 18 mm.

Bevel angle 45°

#### **Solution:**

Find in the table

- the value 53 division marks on the cross point of 45° and bevel height 15 mm.
- the value 3,5 division marks on the cross point of 45° and bevel height 1 mm.
- calculate the needed number of division marks to achieve the required bevel of height A of 18mm using the following equation:

# 3,5 division marks (1mm) $\times$ 3 (because 3mm) = 10,5 division mark + 53 (15mm) = 63,5 division marks TOTAL.

The maximum number of division marks for one cut is 25M, which means that we may cut as follows:

You can cut the bevel wit	h using of the max	Or you can divide the total marks more equally, which for the machine and the cuts remain same.	ch is much more better
1 <sup>st</sup> cut	25M	1 <sup>st</sup> cut	<b>20M</b>
2 <sup>nd</sup> cut	25M	2 <sup>nd</sup> cut	20M
3 <sup>th</sup> cut	13,5M	3 <sup>th</sup> cut	23,5M

**TIP:** Divide individual cuts in such a way that the last cut is the smallest one.

Set the movement to lower values. This will result to better final surface of the bevel.

## **Machining**

- Set the machine at the plate edge. Adjust the optimum position and inclination of the inlet rulers by means of the adaptive 3D system. The machining direction is left-to-right in the standard position. In the case of upside-down work, the direction is right-to-left.
- Star the cutter and feed motors and set the feed speed to approx. 25 % of the total speed range. The maximum speed of the machine is 1.2 m/min.
- Slowly pulling the pertinent handles, guide the machine onto the material, checking its run onto the plate. The machine must run onto the plate simultaneously with the guide rules with which it must be in contact.
- After the machine fully runs onto the material, when the material is held by the two feed rollers, you can increase the feed speed. This speed is not determined in any way; it must be properly adjusted according to the state of the cutting plates, material quality and cut-off size.
- During bevelling, a situation may occur when you need to adjust the position and inclination of the machine by means of the 3D manipulator. This happens if the machined plate is set on the supports incorrectly or if the working place floors are in a bad state. In this case, it is suitable to loosen the pertinent mechanisms on the 3D manipulator and fully exploit the advantages of the adaptive 3D system (Fig.5.4.3., pos. A, C). The lifting mechanism can be moved a little lower independently of the machine, thus enabling the machine to lay on the material at the moment to move along the vertical line freely (Fig. 5.4.3., pos. B).
- If the floors are damaged extremely, the machine, having fully run onto the material, can be disconnected from the 3D manipulator (Fig. 5.4.2.). In this mode, the machine runs on the material by itself without the need of any support. After disconnecting, you must release the 3D manipulator lock (Fig. 5.4.2., pos A).

  Before running out of the material, you must connect the 3D manipulator again in the same way and adjust the machine position for running out of the material. The machine fed can be stopped or started by means of the feed control.
- The machine may also be used without the manipulator, suspended on a crane. The lifting eyes on the machine are used for that (see Fig. 4.1.1.)

Fig. 5.4.2.

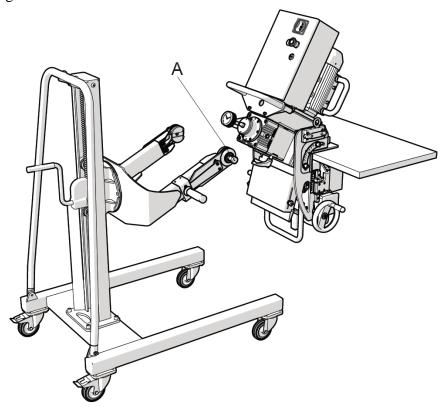
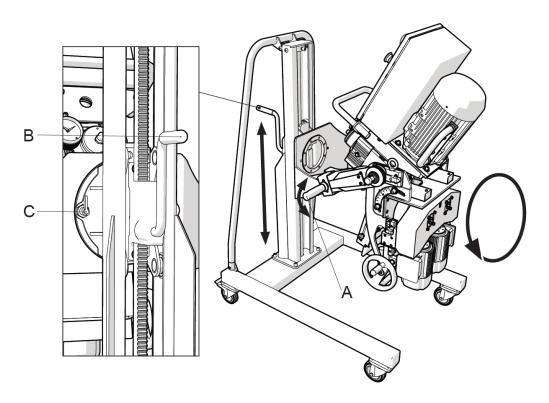


Fig. 5.4.3.



## **Further cut-off setting**

The UZ50 Triumph is able to create bevels of the width of up to 62 mm at certain angles (see par.3.2.). These values can only be achieved by gradual machining in several cut-offs.

- Loosen the locking lever of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).
- Adjust the next cut-off with the chip adjusting wheel (position D, Fig. 5.3.1) as required. To read the values correctly, use the table located on the machine distribution box (Fig. 5.4.1.)

Important: The maximum cutting depth of individual cut-off is 5 mm (cutter protrusion). Specifically, 25 divisions on the adjusting wheel scale. If you set more for a single cut-off, there is immediate risk of damaging the tool or the machine.

- Retighten the locking lever of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).
- We recommend you to note down the values set on the adjusting wheel scale (position D, Fig. 5.3.1). This will help you to adjust the next cut-off.
- Start cutting. Proceed in the same way as with the first cut-off.
- All further cut-offs repeat the above-mentioned in chapter 5.4

<u>TIP:</u> Calculate the individual cut-offs so that the last one is not too deep. Set a lower value of the feed. The final surface of the bevel will be better.

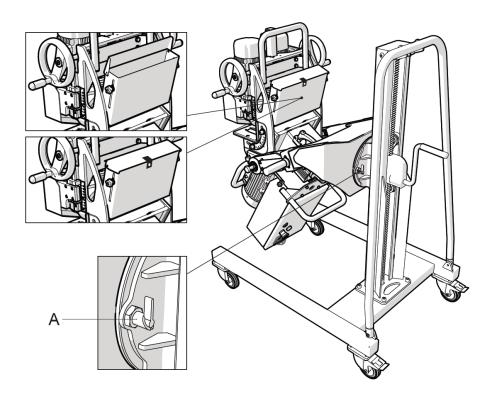
## **Upside-down work**

One of the main advantages of the UZ50 Triumph machine and 3D manipulator is the possibility of upside-down work. Namely, the possibility to make double-sided bevels without the necessity of handling the material. Proceed as follows:

- Release the rotation lock (Fig. 5.4.4., pos.). Make sure that the machine is sufficiently high above the floor after being turned.
- Hold the machine by the pertinent handles and turn it by 180°.
- Relock the rotation lock.
- Close and secure the lid of the chip removal channel (Fig. 5.4.4).
- Set the machine in a suitable position and inclination according to the material position and situation at the workplace.
- Then specify the zero point again; see chapter **5.3. Preliminary settings**, par. **Zero value specification**.
- Then set the machine for the first and next cut-offs, see chapter **5.4.**
- Start machining.

Important: The machined material must be located on supports at a sufficient height so that the machine distribution box will not collide with the floor. The edge of the material to be machined must be positioned in a sufficient distance from the supports in order to prevent a collision with the distribution cabinet, see Fig. 5.3.0.

Fig. 5.4.4.



#### MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

#### 6.1 Recommendations

# Important:

The maintenance workers must be qualified technicians.

Never work on machine parts in motion, not even with tools or other subjects...

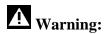
It is strictly forbidden to remove safety devices, modify them, or tamper with the safety devices of the machine. In such an event, the manufacturer disclaims any responsibility for the machine safety.

Always use original spare parts (see chapter 8 "Spare parts").



Always wear protective work gloves when maintaining the machine. The maintenance operations must be executed if the machine is stopped and disconnected from power supply.

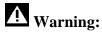
Before every working shift, and then during it as necessary, clean the machine, tool and moving parts with compressed air.



When using compressed air for cleaning, wear protective goggles, and never use pressure over 2 bar.

For adjusting and maintenance, use the tools delivered with the machine.

#### 6.2 Cutter and cutting blades disassembly



When changing tools, use protective gloves.

UZ50 Triumph uses for cutting a face mill of our own design with cutting plates with four cutting sides. Only an original milling head and cutting place are strongly recommended to be used. If other than original tools are used, the manufacturer holds no responsibility for possible injuries or damages to the machine!

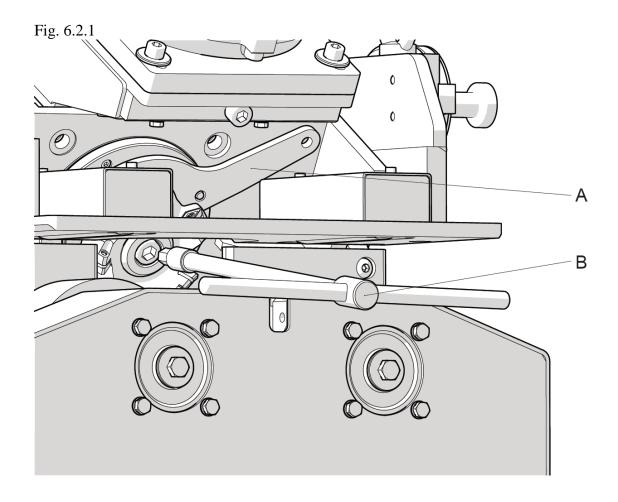
To exploit the cutting plates fully, these must be turned when they are blunt. On the whole, 4 cutting sides are at disposal for every plate.

The state of the cutting tips must be checked continuously; if they are worn, you must turn them in time.

#### **Cutter head disassembly:**

- Disconnect the machine from power supply.
- By means of the wheel for lower slide adjustment, set the lowest position of the lower slide according to the picture (position C, Fig. 5.3.1).
- Loosen sufficiently the 2 and 2 screws (position A, Fig. 5.3.1) located at both sides of the machine.
- Holding and pulling the upper handle, adjust the entire machining unit to the angle which is most suitable for access to the cutter.
- Loosen the locking lever of chip adjustment (position E, Fig. 5.3.1).
- By means of the chip adjustment wheel (position D, Fig. 5.3.1), move the cutter to the position in which the access to it is most suitable.
- Lock the spindle against rotation. Use the enclosed hook spanner (position A, Fig. 6.2.1).
- With the enclosed spanner, loosen the main central screw which fastens the cutting head to the spindle (pos. B, Fig. 6.2.1)..
- Remove the screw including the central insert and pull the cutting head from the spindle manually. If it is not possible, use clamping bolts prepared on the milling head. These are located below the central insert of the machine in position (Fig., 6.2.2., pos. C)

See video how to dismount the milling head: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ic8an0yw2PY



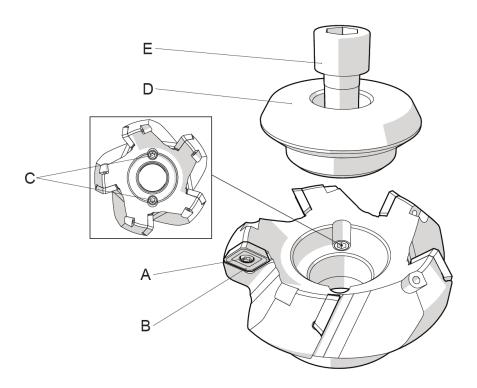
#### **Replacement or turning of cutting plates:**

- Put the cutting head on a suitable surface. The UZ50 Triumph cutter is equipped with 5 plates.
- Loosen the screw (Fig. 6.2.2., pos. A) of the cutting plate (Fig. 6.2.2., pos. B) with the enclosed spanner and then turn or replace it.
- Some UZ50 Triumph cutters can be equipped with so-called sub-plates. These are pads under the cutting plate. If your machine is equipped with them and if they are damaged, you must replace them as well.
- Mount the cutter back.

Important: Keep all parts of the cutter head (plates, screws, cutter screw) and the spindle clean.

Otherwise there is a risk that the cutting plates will be seated incorrectly and their service life reduced or the cutter head blocked on the spindle with subsequent problems during the next disassembly.

Fig. 6.2.2.



#### 6.3 Headstock oil replacement and refilling

The UZ50 Triumph machine headstock contains oil which is subject to wear. The first change must be executed after 10 machine hours!!! (converging of cogged wheels). Then, the next changes after every 1,500 working hours.

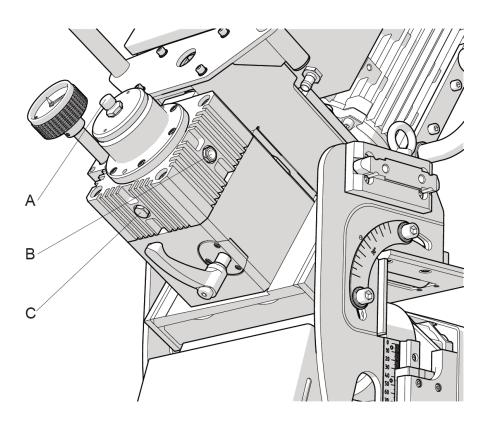
Exchange the oil as follows:

- Stop the machine and disconnect it from power supply.
- Set the machine in an optimum position for discharging the oil. The discharge screw (Fig. 6.3.1. pos. C).
- Put a suitable vessel for the used oil under the discharge hole.
- Remove the discharge screw (Fig. 6.3.1., pos. C).
- Remove the bleed screw (Fig 6.3.1., pos. A).
- Wait until all the oil has run out, and then mount back the discharge screw (Fig. 6.3.1., pos. C).
- Fill the headstock with new oil though the filling hole (Fig. 6.3.1., pos. A) (Mobilgear 600 XP68 ISO12925-1 typ CKD68 AGMA 9005-E02 2EP) **200ml.**
- Check the oil level in the oil gauge. The level must at least reach the middle of the gauge (Fig. 6.3.1., pos. B).
- Mount back the bleed screw (Fig. 6.3.1., pos. A).

Important: The volume of the oil in the gearbox is exactly 200ml. Not more. No less!

**<u>TIP:</u>** Perform the change with the machine warmed up. The oil will drain off easier.

Fig. 6.3.1.



## Lubricating of the machine

There are also several lubricating points on the machine. They are located on the machine (see chapter 7.3 the list of the spare parts - positions 1940.3010 linear guidance, 1940.6001 lift gearbox a 1930.2002 lift gearbox of the 3D manipulator) and it is necessary to keep them clean and to lubricate each week. Recommended fat is Shell Alvania RL 2.

# Important:

The old oil must be collected and disposed of in conformity with valid local laws. Never pour the oil into drains, sewers or soil.

#### 6.5. Drive belt replacement

The UZ50 Triumph machine is equipped with a toothed belt for force transmission from the motor to the spindle. At the same time, the belt serves as a safety element in case of machine overload.

In reality, the belt may be broken in some situations.

Exchange the belt as follows:

- Disconnect the machine from power supply.
- Dismount completely the tension screw (Fig..6.5.1, pos. B).
- Loosen and remove the screws on the cover flange of the belt case (Fig. 6.5.1., pos. A).
- Lift off the case cover (Fig..6.5.2.).
- Replace the belt with a new one.
- Mount back the cover.
- Tighten the belt with the tightening screw (Fig..6.5.1,. pos. B). The proper tightening indicator lines must be levelled (Fig. 6.5.2. Pos. C).
- Tighten the cover screws (Fig. 6.5.1., pos. A).
- Check the machine function.

See video how to exchange the belt: <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bpP5vWvHXCI">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bpP5vWvHXCI</a>

Fig. 6.5.1.

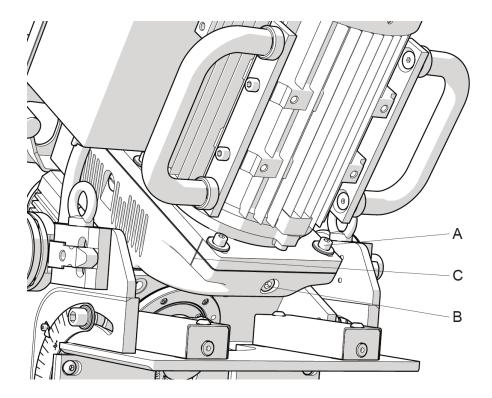
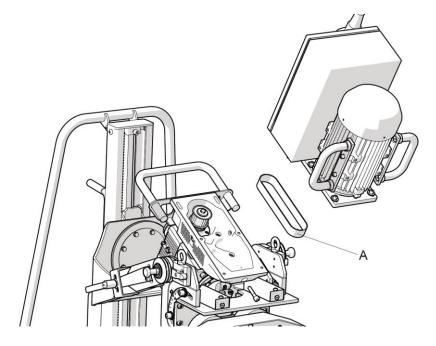


Fig. 6.5.2.



# If operating the machine in rooms with extra-hazardous effects, AD and more, you must pay increased attention to the protection against electric shock!

**Electric energy -** in case of a failure, immediately switch off the power supply.

Work on the electric equipment of the machine can only be done by a qualified person or subordinate persons under his/her supervision so that the work is done according to electric engineering regulations..



No part on which maintenance is performed can be under voltage. It is necessary to check with a two-pole measuring instrument that the disconnected parts are not under voltage, then connect them to ground and insulate the surrounding parts under voltage!

Disconnect the power supply by turning the man switch to position "0".



The electric equipment must regularly be checked, or tested. Shortcomings, loose connections, charred cables must be replaced immediately.

# ATTENTION!- VERSION ASP

Some versions UZ50 machines can be equipped with an ASP (Active Smart Protection).

This system protects your machine against overload.

Protection consists in monitoring the manufacturing process and in case of overload, operator is informed by the system actively through the flashing lights on the remote control.

If the operator does not start the steps to reduce load on the machine (resizing of the cut, replacement of cutting inserts, decrease speed) in 20 sec, the system cuts power of the feeding wheels and the machine stops.

#### Attention, the system does not protect against impact overloading !!!

Information on how the machine is equipped with a system, can be found on the nameplate.

# **SPARE PARTS UZ50 Triumph**

## 7.1 How to order spare parts

Orders of spare parts must contain this information:

- machine type;
- serial number;
- required part description and number
- quantity.

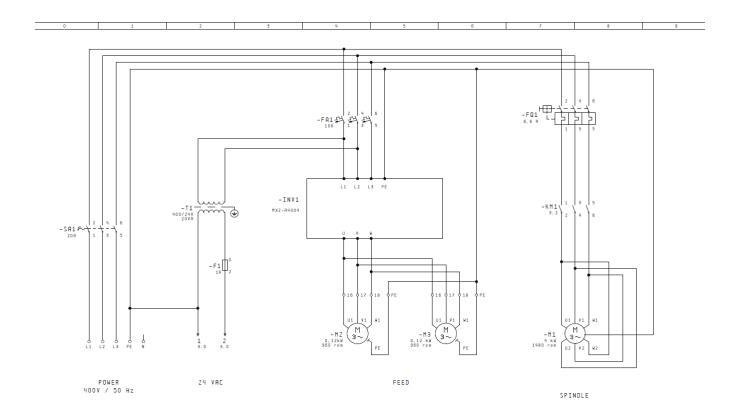
#### 7.2. Parts most often liable to wear and tear:

Order No.	Description	Illustration
1945	Cutting plates (10 in package) For more types of inserts contact your supplier	
1946	Cutter head (without screws and cutting plates) For more types of milling heads contact your supplier	
1947	Plate screw	
1940.5007 Version G, P or T see drawing	Transmition belt	
1948	Polyurethan feeding wheel	
1940.OLEJ	Gearbox oil UZ50 1L	gear oil
Alvania	Lubrication fat for the UZ50	Alvania RL 2  Alvania RL 2

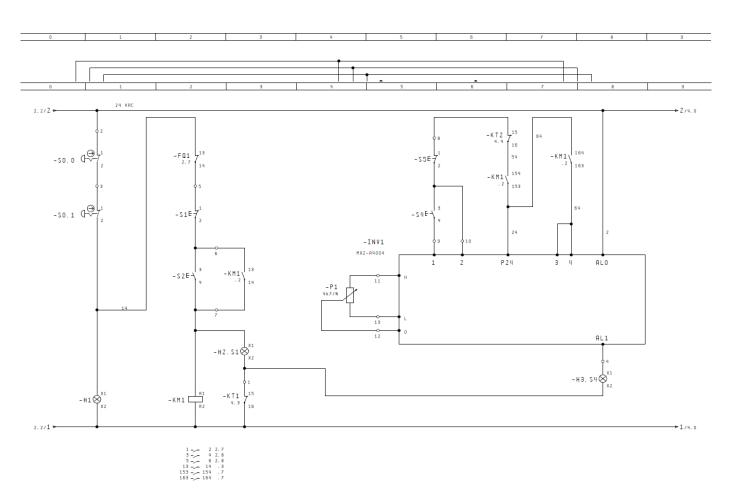
## 7.3 Eletric connection drawing and spare parts drawing and list

The inverter, which is instaled inside the machine UZ50 Triumph was programmed directly in the factory. The inverter is blocked. For unblocking contact your supplier.

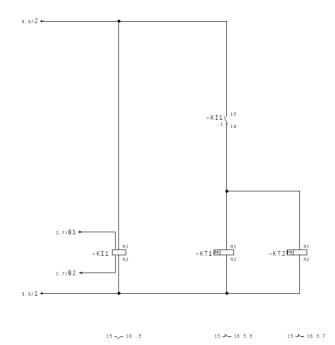
## Scheme UZ50 Triumph



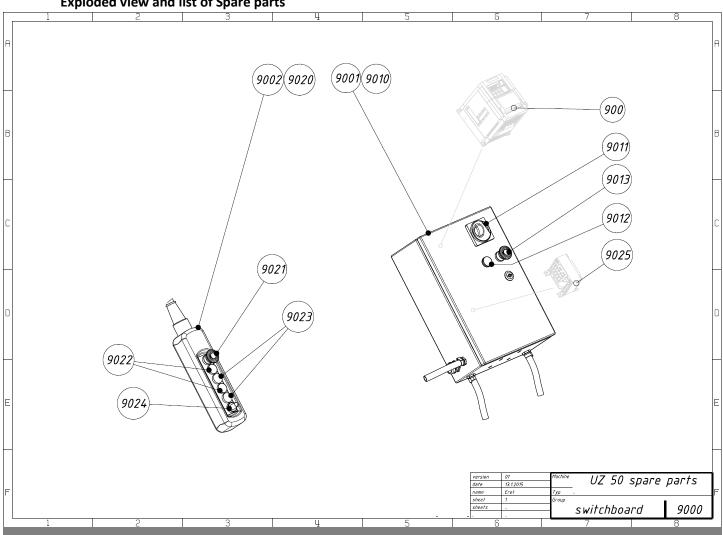
# $Scheme\ UZ50\ Triumph-version\ ASP\ (Active\ Smart\ Protection)$



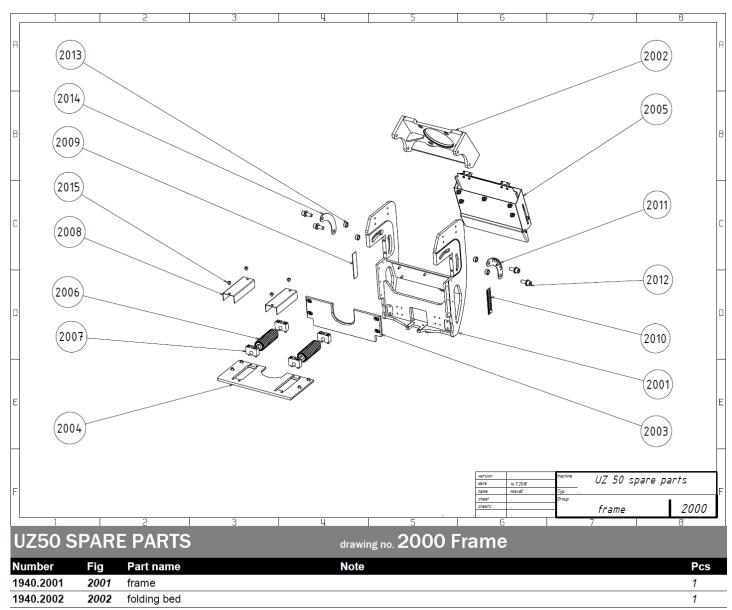
2



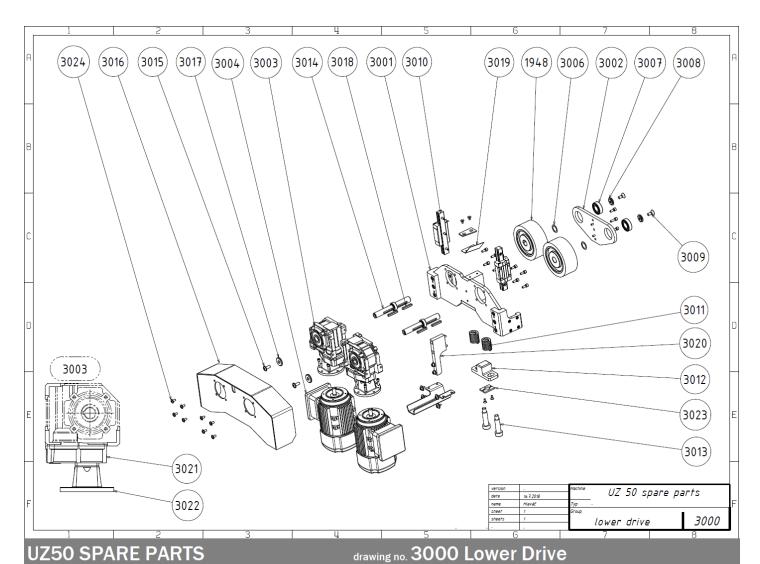
#### **Exploded view and list of Spare parts**



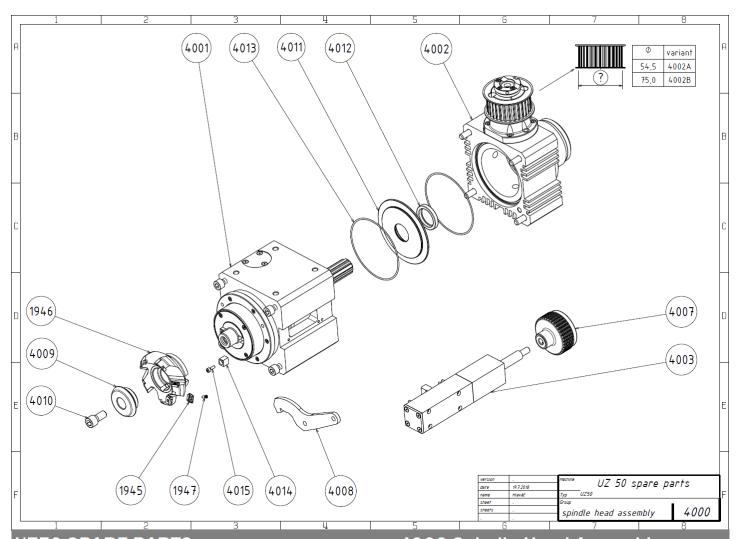
UZ5U SPARE PARTS		E PARTS	drawing no. 9000 SWITCHDOARD	
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.900A	900	inverter	400/480V	1
1940.900B	900	inverter	3x220V	1
1940.9001A	9001	electrocabinet (complete)	400V	1
1940.9001B	9001	electrocabinet (complete)	480V	1
1940.9001C	9001	electrocabinet (complete)	3x220V	1
1940.9002	9002	remote control (complete)		1
1940.9010	9010	electrocabinet (empty box)		1
1940.9011	9011	main switch		1
1940.9012	9012	pilot light		1
1940.9013	9013	stop switch		1
1940.9020	9020	remote control (empty)		1
1940.9021	9021	stop switch		1
1940.9022	9022	pilot light		1
1940.9023	9023	push button		1
1940.9024	9024	potentiometer		1
1940.9025A	9025	transformer	400/24V 20VA	1
1940.9025B	9025	transformer	480/24V 20VA	1
1940.9025C	9025	transformer	220/24V 20VA	1



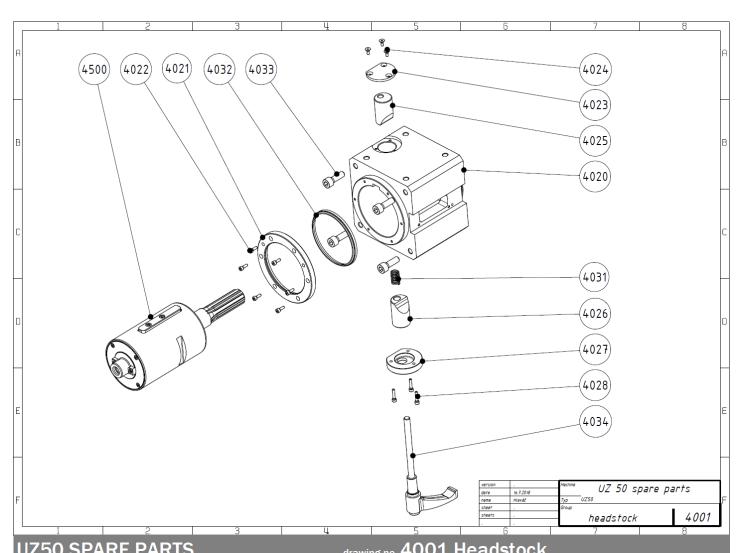
UZ50 SPARE PARTS		E PARIS	drawing no. 2000 Frame	
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.2001	2001	frame		1
1940.2002	2002	folding bed		1
1940.2003	2003	vertical plate		1
1940.2004	2004	horizontal plate		1
1940.2005	2005	rectifier		1
1940.2006	2006	roller		2
1940.2007	2007	housing		4
1940.2008	2008	cover		2
1940.2009	2009	scale left		1
1940.2010	2010	scale right		1
1940.2011	2011	protractor right		1
1940.2012	2012	bolt with washer		4
1940.2013	2013	ring		4
1940.2014	2014	protractor left		1
1940.2015	2015	screw		4



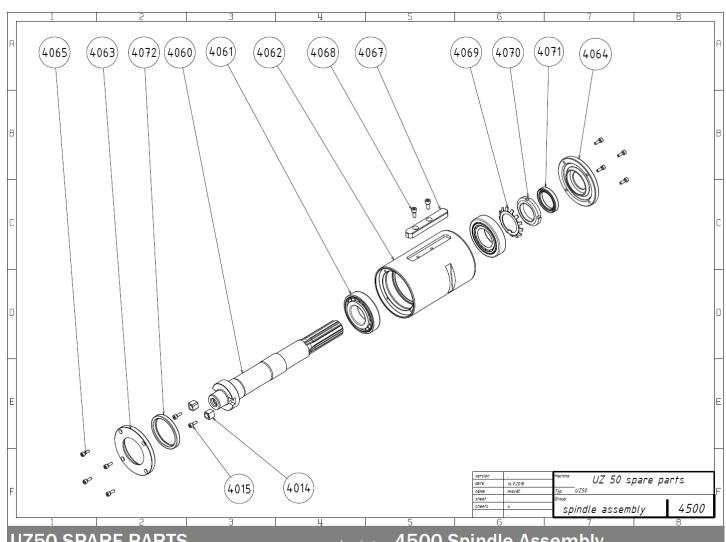
#### Number Part name Note Pcs 1948 1948 polyurethane wheel 2 1940.3001 3001 1 shoulder 1940.3002 3002 bearing plate 1940.3003 3003 gearbox 2 1940.3004 3004 electromotor 2 1940.3006 3006 washer 2 1940.3007 2 3007 ball-bearing 3008 2 1940.3008 washer 1940.3009 3009 screw 2 1940.3010 2 3010 linear quides 1940.3011 3011 compression spring 2 1940.3012 3012 stop 1 1940.3013 3013 2 screw 1940.3014 3014 2 shaft 1940.3015 3015 screw 2 1940.3016 3016 1 casing 1940.3017 2 3017 washer 1940.3018 3018 4 key 1940.3019 3019 1 wiper 1940.3020 *3020* strut set 1 1940.3021 3021 HF flange 1 3022 1940.3022 neck 1 1940.3023 3023 plate 1 1940.3024 3024 screw 8



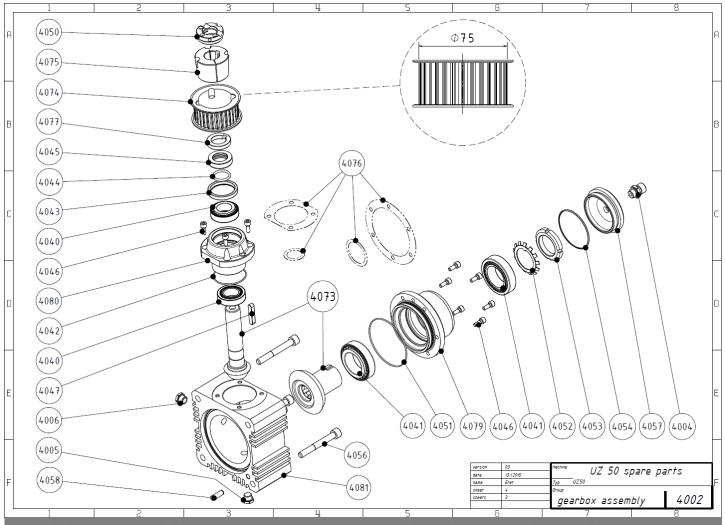
embly
Pcs
5
1
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2
2
2



02303	DEAN	EFANIS	drawing no. 4001 HEAUSIUCK	
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.4020	4020	body		1
1940.4021	4021	ring		1
1940.4022	4022	screw		6
1940.4023	4023	cover		1
1940.4024	4024	screw		3
1940.4025	4025	spindle brake		1
1940.4026	4026	spindle brake		1
1940.4027	4027	cover		1
1940.4028	4028	screw		3
1940.4031	4031	spring		1
1940.4032	4032	sealing ring		1
1940.4033	4033	screw		4
1940.4034	4034	lever		1
1940.4500	4500	spindle asembly		1



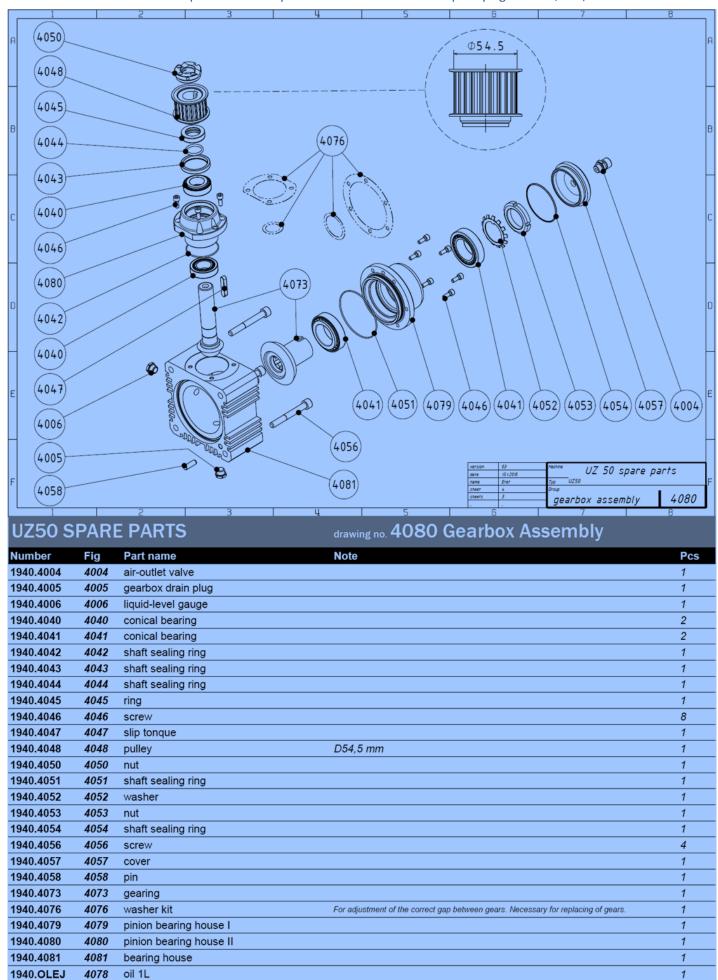
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.4014	4014	key		2
1940.4015	4015	screw		2
1940.4060	4060	shaft		1
1940.4061	4061	conical bearing		2
1940.4062	4062	body		1
1940.4063	4063	front cover		1
1940.4064	4064	rear cover		1
1940.4065	4065	screw		8
1940.4067	4067	key		1
1940.4068	4068	screw		2
1940.4069	4069	washer		1
1940.4070	4070	nut		1
1940.4071	4071	shaft sealing ring		1
1940.4072	4072	shaft sealing ring		1

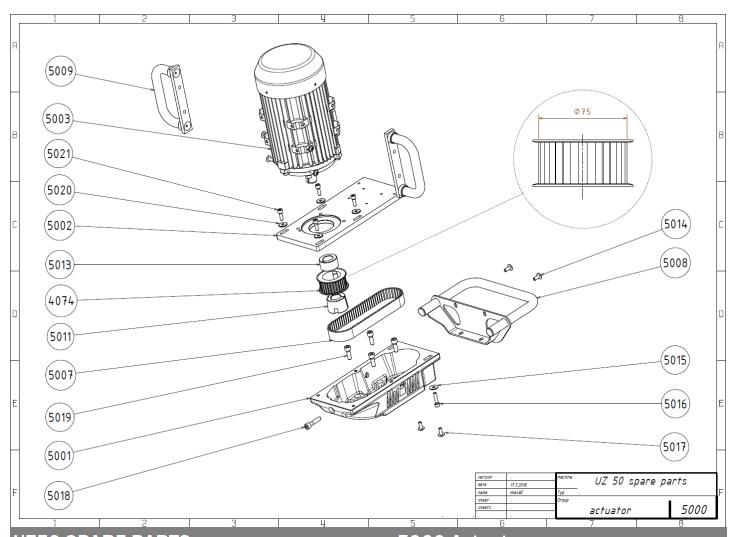


# UZ50 SPARE PARTS

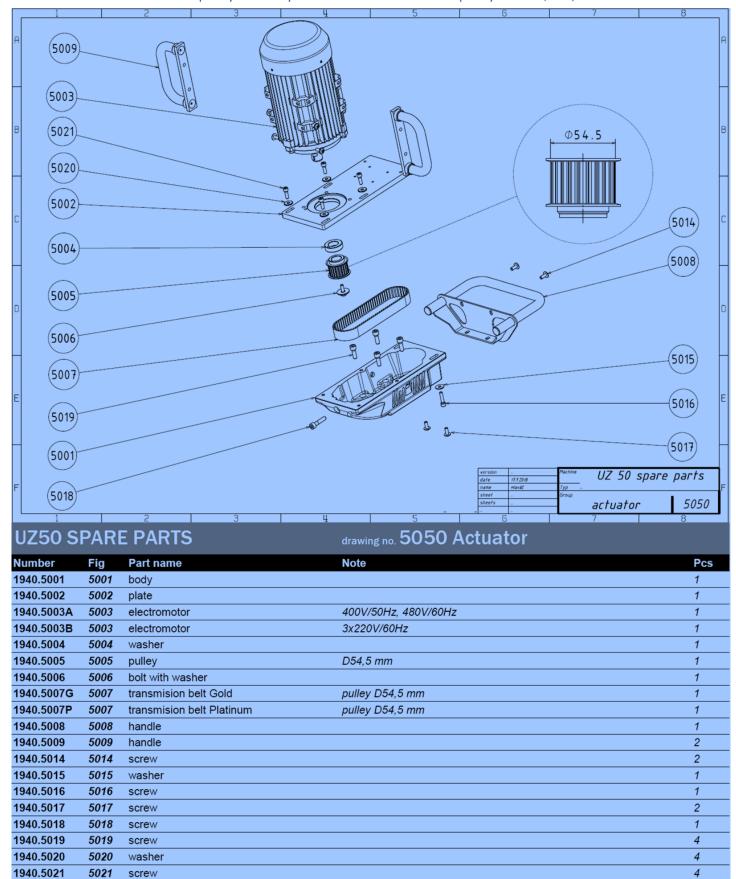
# drawing no. 4002 Gearbox Assembly

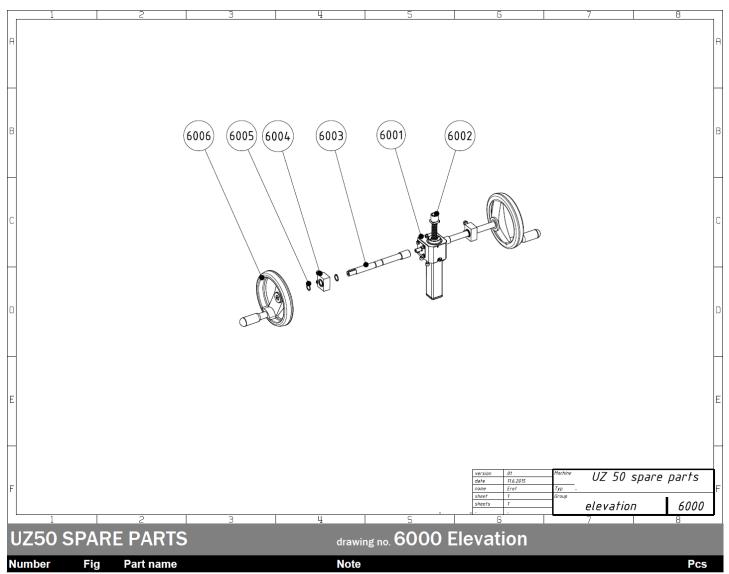
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.4004	4004	air-outlet valve		1
1940.4005	4005	gearbox drain plug		1
1940.4006	4006	liquid-level gauge		1
1940.4040	4040	conical bearing		2
1940.4041	4041	conical bearing		2
1940.4042	4042	shaft sealing ring		1
1940.4043	4043	shaft sealing ring		1
1940.4044	4044	shaft sealing ring		1
1940.4045	4045	ring		1
1940.4046	4046	screw		8
1940.4047	4047	slip tonque		1
1940.4050	4050	nut		1
1940.4051	4051	shaft sealing ring		1
1940.4052	4052	washer		1
1940.4053	4053	nut		1
1940.4054	4054	shaft sealing ring		1
1940.4056	4056	screw		4
1940.4057	4057	cover		1
1940.4058	4058	pin		1
1940.4073	4073	gearing		1
1940.4074	4074	pulley TaperLock	D75 mm	1
1940.4075	4075	taper		1
1940.4076	4076	washer kit	For adjustment of the correct gap between gears. Necessary for replacing of gears.	1
1940.4077	4077	washer		1
1940.4079	4079	pinion bearing house I		1
1940.4080	4080	pinion bearing house II		1
1940.4081	4081	bearing house		1
1940.OLEJ	4078	oil 1L		1



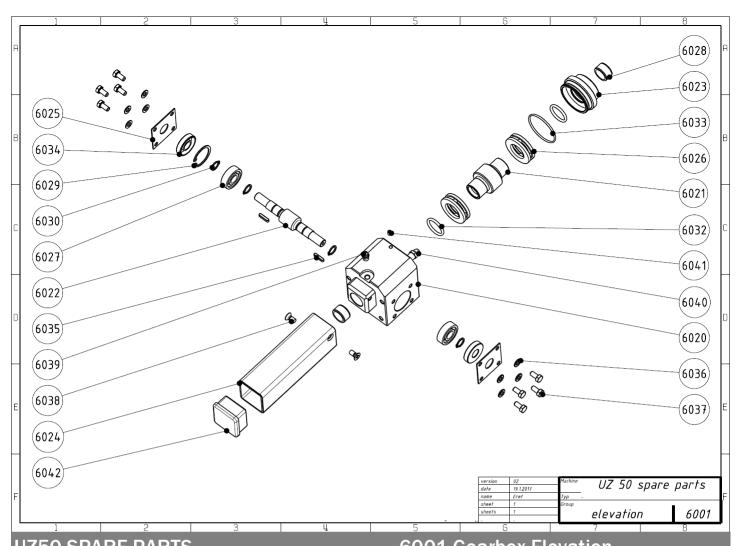


Marine In a m	F:	David warms	N-4-	P
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.4074	4074	pulley TaperLock	D75 mm	1
1940.5001	5001	body		1
1940.5002	<b>5002</b>	plate		1
1940.5003A	5003	electromotor	400V/50Hz, 480V/60Hz	1
1940.5003B	5003	electromotor	3x220V/60Hz	1
1940.5007 <b>T</b>	5007	transmision belt Taper	pulley D75 mm	1
1940.5008	5008	handle		1
1940.5009	5009	handle		2
1940.5011	5011	taper		1
1940.5013	5013	washer		1
1940.5014	5014	screw		2
1940.5015	5015	washer		1
1940.5016	5016	screw		1
1940.5017	5017	screw		2
1940.5018	5018	screw		1
1940.5019	5019	screw		4
1940.5020	5020	washer		4
940.5021	5021	screw		4

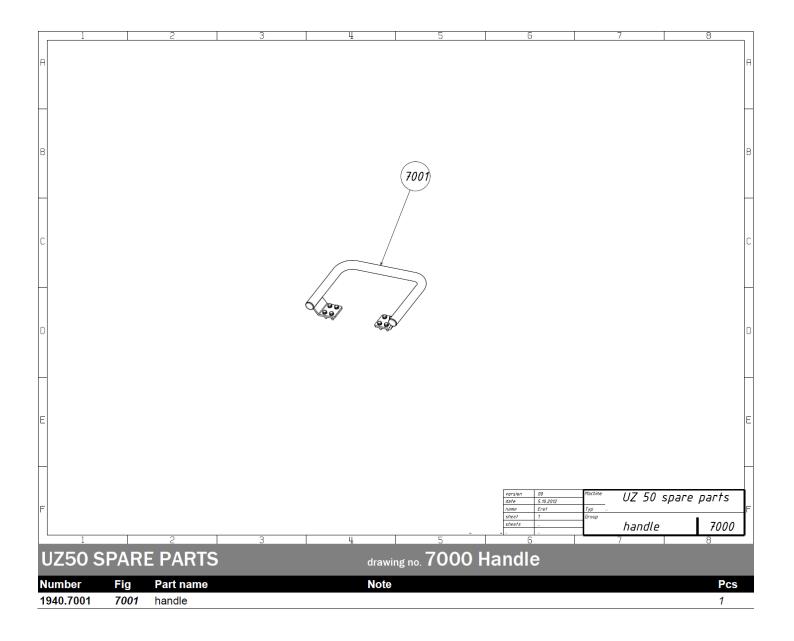


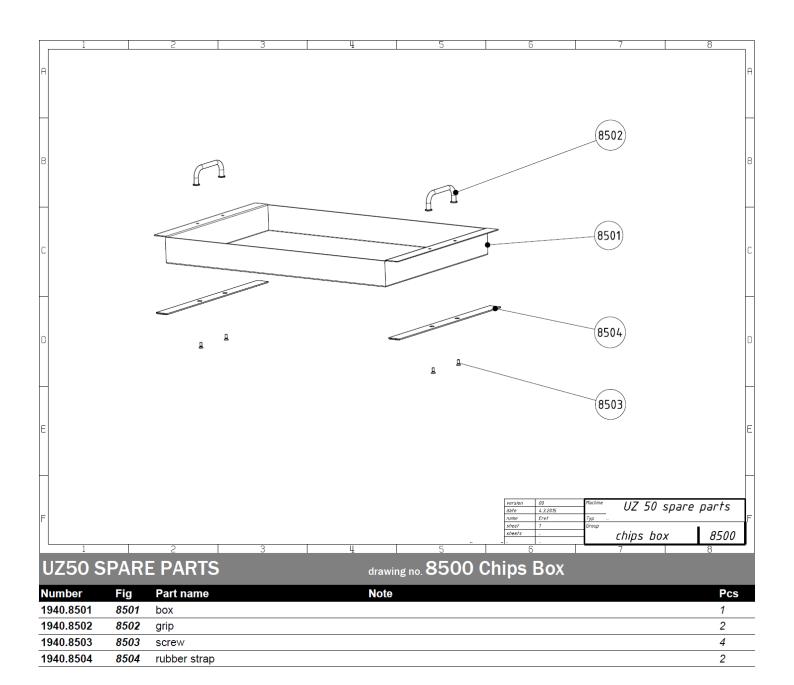


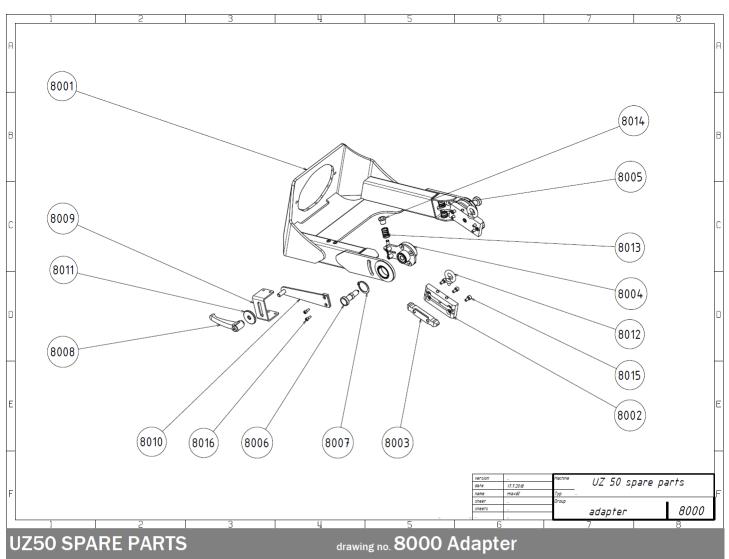
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.6001	6001	gearbox complete		1
1940.6002	6002	screw		1
1940.6003	6003	arbor		2
1940.6004	6004	bearing housing		2
1940.6005	6005	locking ring		2
1940.6006	6006	wheel		2



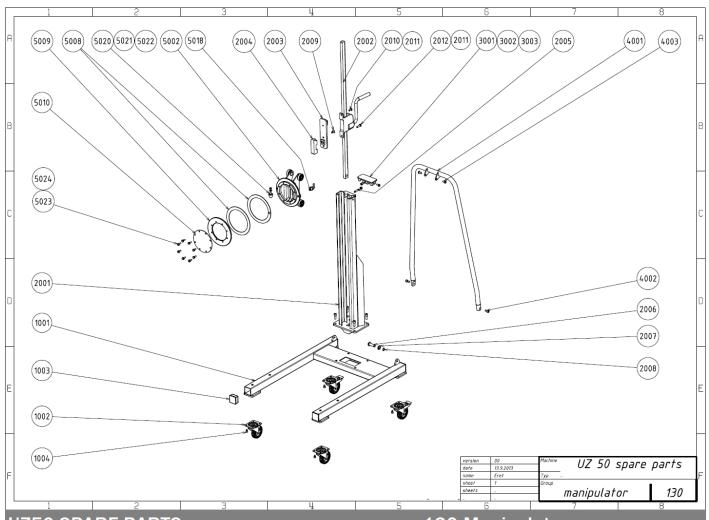
UZOU 3	PARI	E PARTS	drawing no. 6001 Gearbox Ele	vation
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
940.6020	6020	body		1
940.6021	6021	worm gear		1
940.6022	6022	spiral worm		1
940.6023	6023	plug		1
940.6024	6024	case		1
940.6025	6025	plate		2
940.6026	6026	axial bearing		2
940.6027	6027	radial bearing		2
940.6028	6028	sleeve bearing		2
940.6029	6029	lock ring		1
940.6030	6030	lock ring		4
940.6032	6032	O-ring seal		2
940.6033	6033	O-ring seal		1
940.6034	6034	sealing ring		2
940.6035	6035	key		2
940.6036	6036	washer		8
940.6037	6037	screw		8
940.6038	6038	screw		2
940.6039	6039	grease nipple		1
940.6040	6040	grease nipple		1
940.6041	6041	set screw		1
940.6042	6042	cover		1





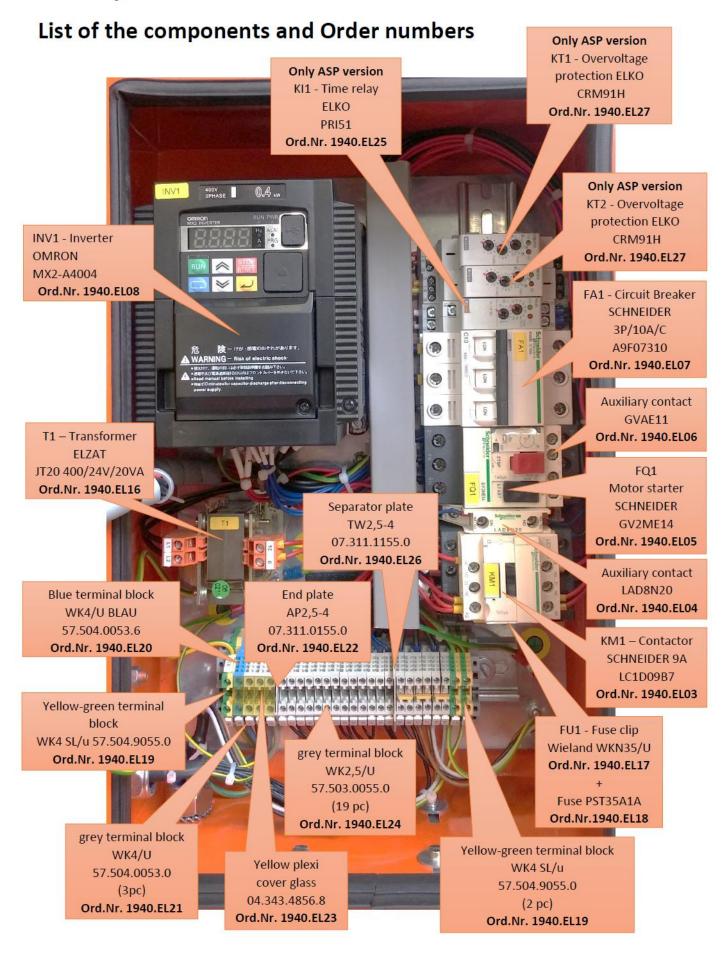


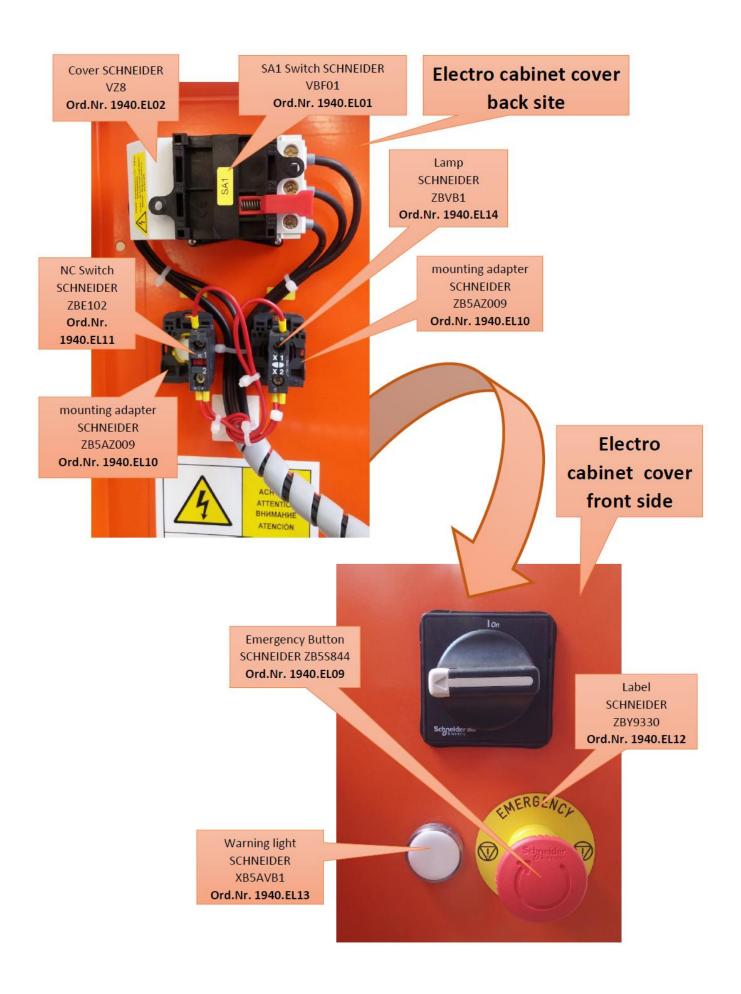
UZ50 S	SPAR	E PARTS	drawing no. 8000 Adapter	
Number	Fig	Part name	Note	Pcs
1940.8001	8001	frame		1
1940.8002	8002	block		2
1940.8003	8003	key		2
1940.8004	8004	catcher left		1
1940.8005	8005	catcher right		1
1940.8006	8006	locking pin		2
1940.8007	8007	lock ring		2
1940.8008	8008	grip		1
1940.8009	8009	holder		1
1940.8010	8010	lever		1
1940.8011	8011	washer		1
1940.8012	8012	lifting eye to		2
1940.8013	8013	spring		4
1940.8014	8014	stop		4
1940.8015	8015	screw		3
1940.8016	8016	screw		2



UZ50 S	PARI	E PARTS		drawing no. 1	130 N	Manipulator	
Number	Fig	Part name	Pcs	Number	Fig	Part name	Pcs
1930.1001	1001	frame	1	1930.5023	5023	screw	8
1930.1002	1002	wheel	4	1930.5024	5024	washer	8
1930.1003	1003	cover	4				
1930.1004	1004	screw	4				
1930.2001	2001	tower	1				
1930.2002	2002	elevator	1				
1930.2003	2003	adapter	1				
1930.2004	2004	backstop	1				
1930.2005	2005	adjusting screw	1				
1930.2006	2006	pin	1				
1930.2007	2007	washer	2				
1930.2008	2008	lock ring	2				
1930.2009	2009	screw	1				
1930.2010	2010	screw	1				
1930.2011	2011	washer	2				
1930.2012	2012	screw	1				
1930.3001	3001	сар	1				
1930.3002	3002	screw	2				
1930.3003	3003	screw	1				
1930.4001	4001	hand rail	1				
1930.4002	4002	screw	2				
1930.4003	4003	screw	2				
1930.5002	5002	cart	1				
1930.5008	5008	ring	2				
1930.5009	5009	flange	1				
1930.5010	5010	cover	1				
1930.5018	5018	safety pin	1				
1930.5020	5020	rubber damper	1				
1930.5021	5021	nut	1				
1930.5022	5022	washer	1				

# Description of the electro cabinet UZ50





Nr. of the part	Name	Nr. of the	Recommended number of the	probability factor	note
		drawing	spare parts	(on scale 1-5)	
			pc/year	ĺ,	
1945	inserts	4000	Depends on	5	NKO Machines delivers these inserts in the plastic box of 10pc. Depends
			the using (one		on the using and the type of the material
			set 5pc)		
1946	milling head	4000	1pc	2	Depends on the skills of the staff
1947	screw for the insert	4000	5pc	3	Depends on the care of the machine.
1940.5007	belt	5000 and	5pc	4	Depends on the using and the type of the material
Version G, T or P		5050			There are 3 types of the belt. Look to the drawing for correct type
1948	feeding	3000	2pc (one set	3	Depends on the care of the machine.
	wheels		2pc)		(Possibility of the recovery of the polyurethane surface)
1940.2006	roller	2000	2pc	1	Depends on the using and the type of the material
1940.2003	guide plate vertical	2000	1pc	3	Depends on the using and the type of the material
1940.3016	casing	3000	1pc	1	Risk of mechanical damage
1940.3019	Wiper	3000	2pc	4	Depends on the using and the type of the material
1940.4014	key	4000	2pc (one set)	1	Depends on the skills of the staff
1940.4002	gearbox	4000	1pc	2	Depends on the skills of the staff.
Version A or B					There are 2 types of the belt. Look to the drawing for correct type
1940.4007	scale wheel	4000	1pc	1	Depends of using, Risk of mechanical damage
1940.4003	setting shaft	4000	1pc	1	Depends of using, Risk of mechanical damage
1940.4013	O-ring	4000	2pc	3	Risk of mechanical damage
1940.6002	lift screw	6000	1pc	3	Depends on the skills of the staff
1940.9022	button	9000	1pc	2	Depends on the skills of the staff
1940.9023	button	9000	1pc	2	Depends on the skills of the staff
1940.9024	setting knob	9000	1pc	3	Depends on the skills of the staff
1930.1002	wheel	130	4pc	4	Risk of mechanical damage
1940.900	Inverter	9000	1pc	2	Depends on the stability of the local electric network
Version A or B					There are 2 types of the inverter. Look to the drawing for correct type
1940.olej	Oil 1L.		1L	5	Period for exchange of the oil in operation manual

We recommend you, to keep these spare parts on your stock for providing of the high standard service. Compare the spare parts with the operation manual.

Link for our video manuals and etc:

http://www.youtube.com/user/firmanko/videos?shelf\_index=0&view=0&sort=dd

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